

mountain range

A series of more or less connected mountains ranged in a line.



source

The beginning or place of origin of a stream or river.



mouth

The outfall at the lower end of a river or stream, where flowing water is discharged, as into a lake, sea, or ocean.



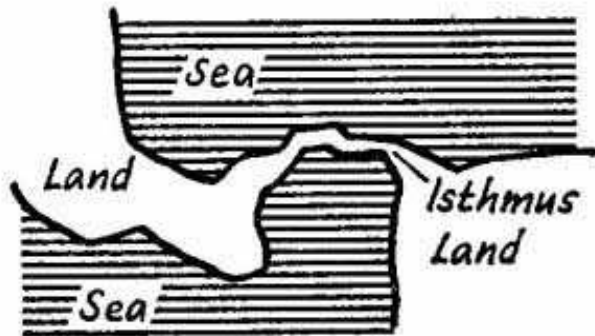
peninsula

An area of land almost completely surrounded by water except for an isthmus connecting it with the mainland.



isthmus

A narrow strip of land, bordered on both sides by water, connecting two larger bodies of land.



island

A tract of land completely surrounded by water, and not large enough to be called a continent.



plateau

A land area having a relatively level surface considerably raised above adjoining land on at least one side, and often cut by deep canyons.



tributary

A stream that flows to a larger stream or other body of water.



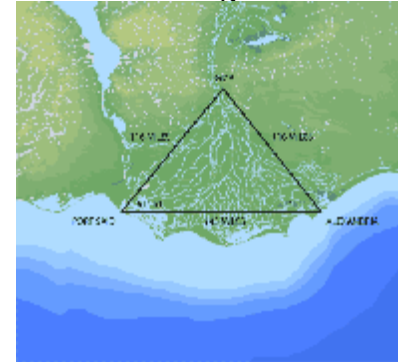
canal

An artificial waterway for navigation, irrigation, etc.



delta

A nearly flat plain of alluvial deposit between diverging branches of the mouth of a river, often, not necessarily, triangular.



sea

The salt waters that cover the greatest part of the earth's surface.



bay

A body of water forming an indentation of the shoreline, larger than a cove but smaller than a gulf.



port

A city, town, or place along a coast where ships load or unload.



summit

The highest point or part, as of a hill, a line of travel, or any object; top; apex



inlet

An indention of a shoreline, usually long and narrow; small bay or arm; a narrow passage between islands..



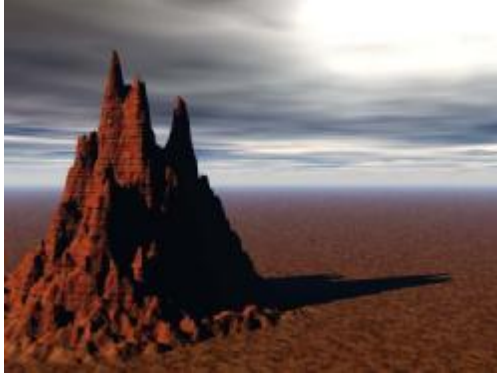
cliff

A high steep face of a rock.



mesa

A flat-topped hill or small plateau with steep sides..



strait

A narrow channel connecting two large bodies of water.



fiord or fjord

A narrow inlet of the sea between cliffs or steep slopes.



archipelago

A wide stretch of water with many scattered islands; a group of islands.



estuary

A passage where the tide meets a river current; an arm of the sea at the lower end of a river.



fall line

A geographical line connecting the waterfalls of parallel rivers that indicates a drop in land level.



glacier

A large body of ice moving slowly down a slope or valley or spreading outward on a land surface.



piedmont

Lying or formed at the base of a mountain.



arroyo

A waterway (as a creek) in a dry region; an often dry gully or channel.



atoll

A ring or partial ring of coral that forms an island in the ocean.



butte

A flat topped rock w hill formation with steep sides.



sound

Wide inlet of the sea that runs parallel to the coastline and usually separates a coastline from an island.



precipice

A very steep and high face of a rock or mountain.



cataracts

A large waterfall; a sudden rush like a waterfall



chasm

A deep split or gap in the earth.



reservoir

A place where something is kept in store; an artificial or natural lake where water is collected as a water supply.

