Medieval Ages Unit Test

Completion: Choose the correct name to complete each sentence:

feudalism  chivalry  coat of arms

Crown land  knights  tournament

fief  joust  serfs

Black Death  demesne  page

squire  manors  castle

1. The lord’s land worked by the serfs was called _____________________________.
2. The _____________________________ killed 1/3 to 1/2 of Europe’s population.
3. Mock wars in which two teams of knights battle against each other was a _________________.
4. A _____________________________ was a piece of land granted by a lord to a vassal.
5. A way of life called ____________________________ was based on the ownership and use of land.
6. __________________________ was a contest between two knights who fought to unhorse each other.
7. ____________________________ was a code of conduct for nobles and knights.
8. ____________________________ were great warriors who fought for kings and nobles.
9. To train for knighthood, a boy first became a _____________________.
10. Emblems used to identify noble families were called _____________________________.
11. _____________________________ were lands kept for the king’s private use.
12. The farmers who worked for the nobles and lived like slaves were called ________.
13. At the age of 15 or 16, a boy became a _______________________ and began to learn the art of war.
14. Heavily fortified buildings called ________________ attempted to protect nobles from invasion and warfare and were often surrounded by a moat.
15. The estates belonging to the nobles were called _____________________________.
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Multiple Choice: Write the letter for the best answer in the space provided.

1. People who worked the lord's land were called?
   A. monks
   B. friars
   C. serfs
   D. knights

2. Which crusade was led by great kings, including Richard I?
   A. First
   B. Second
   C. Third
   D. Fourth

3. During the Middle Ages, the land owned by a lord was called a?
   A. serf
   B. monastery
   C. manor
   D. moat

4. The event that began the Middle ages was the?
   A. fall of Rome
   B. death of Julius Caesar
   C. birth of Christ
   D. invention of printing press

5. Trained warriors who promised to help the lord fight his enemies were called?
   A. priests
   B. knights
   C. friars
   D. kings

6. Some manor houses were protected by a deep trench of water called a?
   A. moor
   B. moat
   C. pond
   D. serf

7. A long trip for religious purposes is a(n)?
   A. journey
   B. pilgrimage
   C. monastery
   D. serf

8. Monks who lived all alone were called?
   A. priests
   B. hermits
   C. heretics
   D. friars

9. The Roman emperor who gave Christians freedom to worship was?
   A. Nero
   B. Polycarp
   C. Constantine
   D. Luther
10. What part of a knight or soldier does Scripture refer to as protection for us against Satan from a spiritual standpoint?

A. Armor  
B. coat of arms  
C. jousting  
D. chivalry  

Essay: Answer the following questions using three to five sentences.

1. How were the Middle Ages “Dark Ages” for western Europe?

2. Describe the four all (classes) of the Middle Ages and their role? How did they spend their time?

3. Describe the castles of the Middle Ages.
Medieval Page 4
Label the Knight’s armor with the Spiritual armor mentioned in Ephesians.
Medieval Ages Unit Test - Teacher’s Key

Completion: Choose the correct name to complete each sentence:

feudalism        chivalry        coat of arms
Crown land       knights        tournament
fief             joust          serfs
Black Death      demesne        page
squire           manors         castle

1. The lord’s land worked by the serfs was called _______ demesne________.
2. The __________Black Death__________ killed 1/3 to 1/2 of Europe’s population.
3. Mock wars in which two teams of knights battle against each other was a ______________ tournament ___________________.
4. A ___________ fief __________________ was a piece of land granted by a lord to a vassal.
5. A way of life called __________封建ism_____________________ was based on the ownership and use of land.
6. __Joust_____________ was a contest between two knights who fought to unhorse each other.
7. _______chivalry________________was a code of conduct for nobles and knights.
8. ___knights______________ were great warriors who fought for kings and nobles.
9. To train for knighthood, a boy first became a _______page_______________.
10. Emblems used to identify noble families were called ____Coat of Arms_____.
11. _______Crown land__________ were lands kept for the king’s private use.
12. The farmers who worked for the nobles and lived like slaves were called ___serfs__.
13. At the age of 15 or 16, a boy became a ______squire___________ and began to learn the art of war.
14. Heavily fortified buildings called __castle___________ attempted to protect nobles from invasion and warfare and were often surrounded by a moat.
15. The estates belonging to the nobles were called _______manor________________.
Medieval page 2

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Multiple Choice continued.

10. What part of a knight or soldier does Scripture refer to as protection for us against Satan from a spiritual standpoint?

A. Armor  B. coat of arms  C. jousting  D. chivalry

Essay: Answer the following questions using three to five sentences.

1. How were the Middle Ages “Dark Ages” for western Europe?  
   Answers may vary but during the “Dark Ages”, humanism was pretty much replaced with Christianity. This could be interpreted that the Age of Man was replaced by The Age of Christ. After the Dark Ages ended, The Age of Man began coming back into full force during the period of the Renaissance.

2. Describe the four all (classes) of the Middle Ages and their role?  How did they spend their time?  Serfs - spent most of their time working and trying to provide for their needs. Knights - practiced war games or competed in battles for their lord. Lord - wealthy, titled men who had been granted land and title from the King. Their days were often spent hunting, ordering their serfs, managing their accounts, and enjoying the fruits of others’ labor. Priests - were set aside to handle religious duties.

3. Describe the castles of the Middle Ages. Include castle parts and purposes. Example - moat of water surrounded the castle to protect it.
Medieval Page 4
Label the Knight’s armor with the Spiritual armor mentioned in Ephesians.

Helmet/Salvation

Cuirass/Righteousness

Sword/Spirit

Shield/Faith

Tasset/Truth

Sabaton/Gospel of Piece